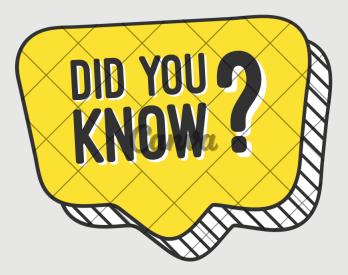
Know The Signs and Get Support

NEURODEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES



Neurodevelopmental disorders are <mark>conditions that</mark> disrupt the normal development of the brain and nervous system.

The government offers support for children with NDDs through programs such as Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).

With the right support, children with neurodevelopmental disabilities can thrive and grow as happy, independent individuals.



Ages 1 month - 1 year

In the first year your child should develop early motor, cognitive and communication skills.

Development milestones include: Calms down when spoken to Lifts arms to be picked up Waving "bye-bye" Calling parents mama or dada

Ages 1 year- 5 years

Your child will make significant gains in motor, cognitive, and communication skills and develop independence.

Development milestones include: Begins to walk on their own Uses more gestures like pointing Says name when asked Uses short sentences and phrases

Make sure you are keeping track

If you want to ensure that your child's development is going well, knowing some of the developmental milestones help. There are many more milestones and not all children develop the same. If you want to track your child and their development you can use the **CDC's milestones tracker app**.

Ages 5 years and older

Children will develop values, hobbies, and relationships. They will grow from preteens, to teens, to adolescents.

Development milestones include: Counting to 10 Tying shoestrings Dressing themselves alone Engaging in hobbies









Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

ASD impacts the way people interact, communicate, and behave with other

Early Signs of ASD include: Not responding to their name Delayed Speech Avoiding Eye Contact

Get the help!

If you have concerns about you child's development, are looking for help with your child, need family support, or want access to resources available scan the QR code to get in contact with the **Eastern Los Angeles Family Resource Center** team.

Specific Learning Disorders (SLD)

SLDs impact the way a child can learn in areas of reading, writing, and math.

Learning Disorders include: Dyslexia Dysgraphia Dyscalculia

Attention Deficit-Hyperactivity Disorder(ADHD)

ADHD causes difficulties with focusing on task, staying still, and controlling their actions

> Early Signs of ADHD include: Patterns of inattention Impulsive behavior Persistent Hyperactivity

Scan Here!

